## ME 115(b): Homework #3

(*Revised Version of 4/30/2012*) (Due Friday, May 4, 2012)

**Problem 1:** (50 points) Using the methodology discussed in class, design a 4-bar mechanism for 4-point rigid body guidance. The body passes through the following four positions, where the x, y values are the coordinates of the origin of the moving body frame and the angles denote the rotation of the body-fixed frame relative to a fixed reference frame.

- 1. position 1:  $\{x, y, \theta\} = (0.0, 0.0, 0^{\circ})$
- 2. position 2:  $\{x, y, \theta\} = (1.8, 2.9, 36^{\circ})$
- 3. position 3:  $\{x, y, \theta\} = (3.7, 3.3, 48^{\circ})$
- 4. position 4:  $\{x, y, \theta\} = (6.0, 3.0, 60^{\circ})$

You need design only one of the two dyads. Designing both dyads will earn a small amount of extra credit (5 points). This problem may be best solved using Mathematica or an equivalent symbolic/numeric package which can handle complex numbers.

This problem can be broken down into the following parts:

- 1. Using the given information, compute the problem parameters  $\delta_2$ ,  $\delta_3$ ,  $\delta_4$ ,  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\alpha_3$ ,  $\alpha_4$ .
- 2. Construct the compatibility equation from the problem parameters:

$$e^{i\beta_2}\Delta_2 + e^{i\beta_3}\Delta_3 + e^{i\beta_4}\Delta_4 + \Delta_1 = 0$$

where:

$$\Delta_2 = \det \begin{bmatrix} (e^{i\alpha_3} - 1) & \delta_3 \\ (e^{i\alpha_4} - 1) & \delta_4 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \Delta_3 = -\det \begin{bmatrix} (e^{i\alpha_2} - 1) & \delta_2 \\ (e^{i\alpha_4} - 1) & \delta_4 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\Delta_4 = \det \begin{bmatrix} (e^{i\alpha_2} - 1) & \delta_2 \\ (e^{i\alpha_3} - 1) & \delta_3 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \Delta_1 = -(\Delta_2 + \Delta_3 + \Delta_4).$$

- 3. Choose a value of  $\beta_2$ , and then solve the compatibility equation for the given  $\beta_2$ . You can use either an algebraic approach, or the geometric approach studied in class. To make your life easier, pick  $\beta_2 = 30^{\circ}$  if you wish.
- 4. Solve the standard dyad equations for w, z. That is, the compatibility equation was derived from the set of equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} (e^{i\beta_2} - 1) & (e^{i\alpha_2} - 1) \\ (e^{i\beta_3} - 1) & (e^{i\alpha_3} - 1) \\ (e^{i\beta_4} - 1) & (e^{i\alpha_4} - 1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \delta_2 \\ \delta_3 \\ \delta_4 \end{bmatrix} .$$
(1)

With the compatibility equation solved, you can choose any two of the three equations in (1) to solve for w and z.

5. Plot the dyad in the four positions to verify your solution.

If you solve this program using Mathematica (or equivalent), please turn in your program listing.

**Extra Credit:** (20 points) For the situation described in Problem #1, plot the circle point and center point curves for this problem. Since there are two solutions to the compatibility equations there will be 2 circle point and center point curves. You need only plot one curve.